

Степенна, гласъ д.

Stupňové antifóny 4. hlasu

Prostopinie

Pramene: Bokšay, Choma, Bobák, J. Podhájecký.

Nápev stupňových antifón 4. hlasu (len v rozsahu tzv. sviatočnej *stepenny*) v karpatskom prostopiní vychádza z tradície novších ruténskych irmologionov, predovšetkým J673 a MR.¹ Varianty Bokšaya² a Chomu predstavujú dve do istej miery od seba závislé adaptácie tejto melódie, miestami sa však objavujú aj staršie prvky prítomné napr. v J672. Zdá sa pritom, že podkarpatské prostopinie nebolo pri stupňových antifónach dotknuté osobitosťami a úpravami L1709 alebo L1816. Chomov nápev, ako sa môžeme presvedčiť v paralelnom rozpise, je prakticky zhodný s podkarpatskými J673 a najmä MR, len na niektorých miestach posúva melódiu o terciu vyššie a určité úseky zjednodušuje. Bokšayov nápev je podobný Chomovmu, miestami dokonca ešte vernejší pôvodine (miestami však práve naopak).

Prechod k prešovskej tradícii reprezentuje Bobákov variant, ktorý v podstate kopíruje Bokšaya, miestami však jeho melódiu zjednodušuje alebo rytmicky upravuje. Originálnym príkladom slovensko-rusínskej tradície je ľudový nápev (dosiaľ nezapísaný) zaznamenaný v Bratislave od kantora J. Podhájeckého. Táto melódia prijíma niektoré vlastnosti Bobákovho variantu, je však oveľa jednoduchšia a vďaka tomu aj výraznejšia. Nielenže redukuje melizmatiku, ale aj mení niektoré popevky na základe analógie. Týmto spôsobom vznikol akoby nový nápev, ktorý sice zdieľa spoločnú kostru (až na terciové posuny) s pôvodnou tradíciou, má však svoj vlastný originálny „zvuk“.

Paralelný rozpis:

- J673 alebo iný³ blízky variant zo starších RI
- X: Choma
- Bk: Bokšay
- Bb: Bobák
- Pd: Podhájecký

¹ Prehľad nápevov stupňových antifón v RI a náčrt ich vzťahu k ruskej tradícii znamenného rospevu je spracovaný v osobitnom súbore.

² Pre lepšie porovnanie prepisujeme s dvojnásobným tempom ako je uvedené v Bokšayovom irmologione.

³ Odklon od J673 značíme nad osnovou.

J673

Musical notation for J673, first ending. The music consists of six measures on a single staff. The lyrics are: Ю-ХО-СТИ МО-Е- А МИО- ЗИ ЕО- ОИ- СА СО МИО-Ю СТИА- СТИ,

X

Musical notation for J673, second ending. The music consists of six measures on a single staff. The lyrics are: Ю-ХО-СТИ МО-Е- А МИО- ЗИ ЕО- ОИ- СА СО МИО-Ю СТИА- СТИ,

Bk

Musical notation for J673, bassoon part. The music consists of six measures on a single staff. The lyrics are: Ю-ХО-СТИ МО-Е- А МИО- ЗИ ЕО- ОИ- СА СО МИО-Ю СТИА- СТИ,

Bb

Musical notation for J673, bassoon part. The music consists of six measures on a single staff. The lyrics are: Ю-ХО-СТИ МО-Е- А МИО- ЗИ ЕО- ОИ- СА СО МИО-Ю СТИА- СТИ,

Pd

Musical notation for J673, piano part. The music consists of six measures on a single staff. The lyrics are: Ю-ХО-СТИ МО-Е- А МИО- ЗИ ЕО- ОИ- СА СО МИО-Ю СТИА- СТИ,

J673

Musical notation for J673, first ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: "НО СЛ^{во} МА, ЗА-СТЫ- ПИ, Н СПА-СИ МА, СПА- - - - -СЕ."

X

Musical notation for J673, second ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: "НО СЛ^{во} МА, ЗА-СТЫ- ПИ, Н СПА-СИ МА, СПА- - - - -СЕ."

Bk

Musical notation for J673, bridge section. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: "НО СЛ^{во} МА, ЗА-СТЫ- ПИ, Н СПА-СИ МА, СПА- -СЕ МО."

Bb

Musical notation for J673, bassoon section. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: "НО СЛ^{во} МА, ЗА-СТЫ- ПИ, Н СПА-СИ МА, СПА- СЕ МО."

Pd

Musical notation for J673, piano section. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: "НО СЛ^{во} МА, ЗА-СТЫ- ПИ, Н СПА-СИ МА, СПА- -СЕ МО."

J673

Musical notation for J673, first ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: Ие- - на-ви-да-ши ѿ си- ш- - на, по-сты-да- ся ш Го- - -по-да

X

Musical notation for J673, second ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: Ие-на-ви-да-ши- -и ѿ си- ш- -на, по-сча-ма- ся ш Го- - -по- да

Bk

Musical notation for J673, third ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: Ие-на-ви-да-ши- -и ѿ си- ш- -на, по-сты-ди-те- ся ш Го- - -по- да

Bb

Musical notation for J673, fourth ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: Ие-на-ви-да-ши- -и ѿ си- ш- -на, по-сты-ди-те- ся ш Го- - -по- да

Pd

Musical notation for J673, fifth ending. The music consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth-note pairs. The second measure contains five eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are: Ие-на-ви-да-ши- -и ѿ си- ш- -на, по-сты-ди-те- ся ш Го- - -по- да

J673

Musical notation for J673, staff 1. The staff consists of five vertical lines representing stems. The first four stems have small horizontal dashes at their top ends, while the fifth stem has a vertical bar line. Below the staff, lyrics are written in a stylized font: 'И-КО ТОЛ-ЕЛ БО' on the first two stems, 'Ш- ГИЕ-' on the third, 'ЕД- А' on the fourth, and 'И - - - CO- - - ША- - - А.' on the fifth.

X

Musical notation for J673, staff 2. The staff consists of five vertical lines representing stems. The first four stems have small horizontal dashes at their top ends, while the fifth stem has a vertical bar line. Below the staff, lyrics are written in a stylized font: 'И-КО ТОЛ-ЕЛ БО' on the first two stems, 'Ш- - - ГИЕ' on the third, 'ЕД- А' on the fourth, and 'И - - - CO- - - ША- - - А.' on the fifth. The 'ГИЕ' part includes a small 'м' symbol above the second stem.

Bk

Musical notation for J673, staff 3. The staff consists of five vertical lines representing stems. The first four stems have small horizontal dashes at their top ends, while the fifth stem has a vertical bar line with a sharp sign above it. Below the staff, lyrics are written in a stylized font: 'И-КО ТОЛ-ЕЛ БО' on the first two stems, 'Ш- ГИЕ' on the third, 'ЕД- А' on the fourth, and 'И - - - - CO- - - ШЕ.' on the fifth.

Bb

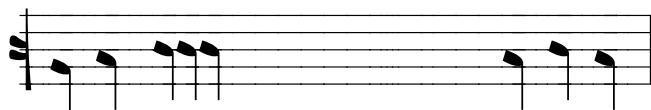
Musical notation for J673, staff 4. The staff consists of five vertical lines representing stems. The first four stems have small horizontal dashes at their top ends, while the fifth stem has a vertical bar line with a sharp sign above it. Below the staff, lyrics are written in a stylized font: 'И-КО ТОЛ-ЕЛ БО' on the first two stems, 'Ш- ГИЕ' on the third, 'ЕД- А' on the fourth, and 'И - - - - CO- - - ШЕ.' on the fifth.

Pd

Musical notation for J673, staff 5. The staff consists of five vertical lines representing stems. The first four stems have small horizontal dashes at their top ends, while the fifth stem has a vertical bar line with a sharp sign above it. Below the staff, lyrics are written in a stylized font: 'И-КО ТОЛ-ЕЛ БО' on the first two stems, 'Ш- ГИЕ' on the third, 'ЕД- А' on the fourth, and 'И - - - - CO- - - ШЕ.' on the fifth.

J673 - - -

X



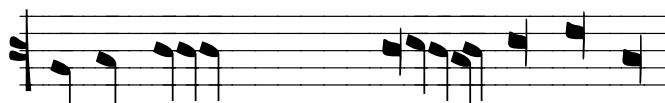
Сла-ва отцъ и сынъ и свя-то- - - мъ дъ- -жъ:

Bk



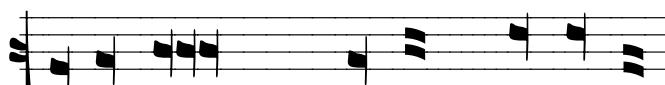
Сла-ва отцъ и сынъ и свя- то- - - мъ дъ- -жъ:

Bb



Сла-ва отцъ и сынъ и свя- то- - - мъ дъ- -жъ:

Pd



Сла-ва отцъ и сынъ и свя- то- - - мъ дъ- -жъ:

/ MR

/ J673

Musical notation for 'ГЛАВЫ' section, measure 1. The music consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ГЛА-ТЫ АХ-ХО ВСА-КА-А АХ-ША КИ-ВИ-СА,

X

Musical notation for 'ГЛАВЫ' section, measure 2. The music consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ГЛА-ТЫ АХ-ХО ВСА-КА-А АХ-ША КИ-ВИ-СА,

Bk

Musical notation for 'ГЛАВЫ' section, measure 3. The music consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ГЛА- ТЫ АХ- ХО ВСА-КА- А АХ- ША КИ- ВИ- СА,

Bb

Musical notation for 'ГЛАВЫ' section, measure 4. The music consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ГЛА- ТЫ АХ- ХО ВСА-КА- А АХ- ША КИ- ВИ- СА,

Pd

Musical notation for 'ГЛАВЫ' section, measure 5. The music consists of two measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ГЛА- ТЫ АХ- ХО ВСА-КА АХ- ША КИ- ВИ- СА,

/ MT

/ MT, J673

Musical notation for measure 1 of the first section. The music consists of three measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ָН ЧИ-СТО-ТО- -ю ּВО-ВЫ-ША- ּЕ- СА,, СЕּ- ТЛּ- -ּЕ- - -СА,,

X

Musical notation for measure 1 of the second section. The music consists of three measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ָН ЧИ-СТО-ТО- -ю ּВО-ВЫ-ША- ּЕ- СА,, СЕּ- ТЛּ- -ּЕ- - -СА,,

Bk

Musical notation for measure 1 of the third section. The music consists of three measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ָН ЧИ-СТО-ТО- -ю ּВО-ВЫ-ША- ּЕ- СА,, СЕּ- ТЛּ- -ּЕ- - -СА,,

Bb

Musical notation for measure 1 of the fourth section. The music consists of three measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ָН ЧИ-СТО-ТО- -ю ּВО-ВЫ-ША- ּЕ- СА,, СЕּ- ТЛּ- -ּЕ- - -СА,,

Pd

Musical notation for measure 1 of the fifth section. The music consists of three measures of sixteenth-note patterns on a single staff. The lyrics are: ָН ЧИ-СТО-ТО- -ю ּВО-ВЫ-ША- ּЕ- СА,, СЕּ- ТЛּ- -ּЕ- - -СА,,

MR

/ MR, J673

БЗ Т҃О-ЧЕ-СКО^{мс} ё-ДН- СВА- ЩЕ- -НО- ТЛ- - - -НО.

X

БЗ Т҃О-ЧЕ-СКО^{мс} ё- ДН- СВА- ЩЕ- НО- - - ТЛ- - - Н.

Bk

БЗ Т҃О-ЧЕ-СКО^{мс} ё- ДН- СВА- ЩЕ- -НО- - ТЛ- - - Н.

Bb

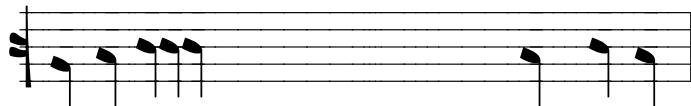
БЗ Т҃О-ЧЕ-СКО^{мс} ё- ДН- СВА- ЩЕ- -НО- - ТЛ- - - Н.

Pd

Т҃О-ЧЕ-СКИ^{мс} ё- ДН- СВА- ЩЕ- -НО- - ТЛ- - - Н.

J673 - - -

X



Н ны-нѣ һ почно һ во вѣ-ки вѣ- - - ко, л- мн.

Bk



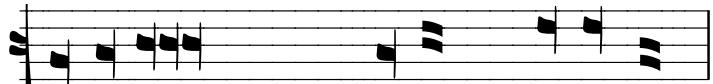
Н ны-нѣ һ почно һ во вѣ-ки вѣ- - - ко, л- мн.

Bb



Н ны-нѣ һ почно һ во вѣ-ки вѣ- - - ко, л- мн.

Pd



Н ны-нѣ һ почно һ во вѣ-ки вѣ- - - ко, л- мн.

/ MR

/ J672

/ J673

Гвя- ты, дх- - хо, то- - чл- - са, бл-го-дл- ны- - а, ио- - - и.

X

Гвя- ты, дх- - хо, то- - чл- - са, бл-го-дл- ны- - а, стх- - и.

Bk

Гвя- ты, дх- - хо, то- - чл- - са, бл-го-дл- ны- - а, стх- - и.

Bb

Гвя- ты, дх- - хо, то- - чл- - са, бл-го-дл- ны- - а, стх- - и.

Pd

Гвя- ты, дх- - хо, то- - чл- - са, бл-го-дл- ны- - а, стх- - и.

J673, MR

/ MR

HA-PΛ- A- IO- ΨE ECA- - KX TBĀ HA Ÿ- KΗ- - - AE- - - - HI- - 6.

X

HA-PΛ- A- IO- ΨE ECA- KX- IO TBĀ KO Ÿ- KΗ- - AE- - - HI- - - IO.

Bk

HA-PΛ- A- IO- ΨE ECA- KX- IO TBĀ KZ Ÿ- KΗ- - AE- - - HI- - - IO.

Bb

HA-PΛ- A- IO- ΨE ECA- KX- IO TBĀ KZ Ÿ- KΗ- - AE- - - HI- - - IO.

Pd

HA-PΛ- A- IO- ΨE ECA- KX TBĀ KZ Ÿ- KΗ- AE- - - HI- - - IO.

Analýza použitých popevkov⁴

V najstarších ruténskych irmologionoch nachádzame melizmatický nápev, ktorý zhruba zodpovedá ruským neumovým záznamom z prelomu 16.-17. storočia, je však mierne skrátený. V priebehu 18. a 19. storočia proces skracovania melódie pokračoval, čoho dokladom sú novšie podkarpatské rukopisné irmologiony. Neskôr záznamy prostopinia z prelomu 19.-20. storočia dosvedčujú ďalšie zjednodušovanie popevkov a lokálny posun melódie o terciu vyššie. Ústna tradícia napokon doviedla nápev k takmer sylabickej podobe, čo je úplný protiklad jeho pôvodného charakteru.

I. Porovnanie distribúcie popevkov:

Štruktúra pôvodnej a novej melódie:					
1.1.	A A	B B	D (D)	B B	D D + Z
Ѡ иночти моеѧ	мнози борютъ мѧ	и грѣти,	но съмъ мѧ злестѣни,	и ешь сѣе мѹи.	
1.2.	A A	E E	A A	Zav Zav	Z Z
Не на вѣдѣла пїи сїѡна,	погрѣшилъ тѣлъ	ѡ г҃а,	іако пребаѧ бо	Огнѣмъ вѣде г҃е	и зг҃охше.
1.3.	Bx Bx	Bx /---	Bx B	A VM	C C* / VM
Сѣмъз дѣломъ	всѧка дѣшѧ	жизнѣтъ,	и чистотою	возбываша етъ,	
	B Bx	F /---	F+Bx	B ---/	Dx D + Z
и вѣтълѣтия	тѣлескимъ	и дѣниствомъ			и пїенитѣль.
2.3.	Bx Bx	B B / ??	VM VM	Voz Voz	
Сѣмъз дѣломъ	тѹчнѣтъ	блѣгодатныѧ	и грѣхъ,		
	C C*	H /---	Ф2 B / D ---/	Dx + Z Z	
и папакица	всѧкъ	тѣлѣ		ко ѿжинеленїю.	

Ako vidno z porovnania, zmeny v distribúcii popevkov v zapísanom prostopiní nie sú výrazné, ide skôr o občasné spojenie viacerých popevkov do jedného alebo náhradu nejakého popevku iným (podobným). Výraznejšie odchýlky nachádzame len u Pd, a to hlavne v poslednom tropári.

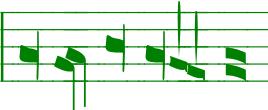
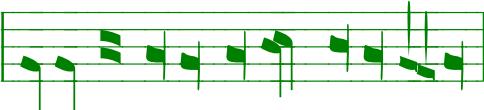
II. Zjednodušenie melodiky popevkov:

⁴ V tomto odseku nadväzujeme na prehľad a označenie popevkov pôvodnej ruténskej melódie.

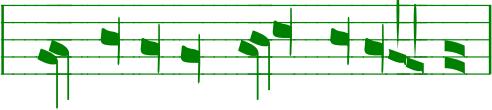
A Plný tvar

Krátky tvar:

J480



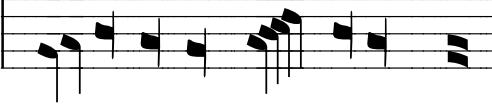
J673



X



Bk/Bb

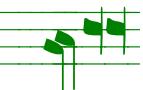
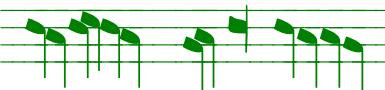


Pd



B

RI:

 +

X



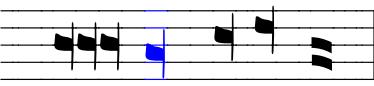
Bk



Bb



Pd



Bx

Popevok Bx⁵ sa v novších podkarpatských RI zmenil na B, ale prostopinie si v pamäti uchovalo miernu odlišnosť Bx a transformuje ho iným spôsobom.

The image shows five musical staves. The first staff, labeled J002, contains a sequence of eighth-note pairs. The second staff, labeled MR/J673, shows a similar pattern with a blue bracket under the first two notes. The third staff, labeled X, Bk (Bb), also has a blue bracket under the first two notes. The fourth staff, labeled Pd, shows a different pattern. The fifth staff, labeled Bb var., shows a single pair of eighth notes with a sharp sign above the staff.

F+Bx

Zvláštnym prípadom je fúzia pôvodnej dvojice popevkov F+Bx (u Pd nahradené bežným B):

The image shows five musical staves. The first staff, labeled J002, contains a sequence of eighth-note pairs. The second staff, labeled MR, shows a similar pattern. The third staff, labeled X, shows a different pattern. The fourth staff, labeled Bk, shows a sequence of eighth notes followed by a sixteenth-note cluster. The fifth staff, labeled Bb, shows a sequence of eighth notes followed by a sixteenth-note cluster.

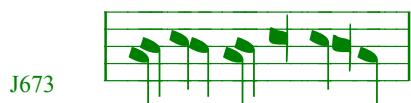
⁵ Uvádzame plný tvar. Farebne odlišený úvod nemusí byť prítomný.

C

Popevok C sa v prostopiní takmer stráca. Na svojej prvej pozícii sa mení na malú vozhlasku:



Na druhej pozícii sa v časti prameňov nepochopiteľne zvyšuje melódia o tón, kým u Pd badat' príklon (analógia s 2.tropárom) k popevku A:



Bk var. :



D + Z

Popevok D a Dx (už v podkarpatských rukopisoch zmenený na D) sa vždy viaže so záverečným Z, ktoré v tomto spojení získava osobitný tvar:

J672

J673, MR

Bk

Bb

Pd

X

var.:

Z – samostatné

Záverečný popevok Z (prevzatý zo 6. hlasu) prešiel rovnakou transformáciou ako v 6. hľase:

J002

J673, MR

X, Bk, Bb

Pd

E – mreža

The musical score consists of five staves of music, each with a unique identifier:

- J480: The first staff shows a series of eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note patterns.
- J673: The second staff shows a similar pattern of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note groups.
- X: The third staff is labeled with a green 'X' and features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and sixteenth notes.
- Bk, Bb: The fourth staff shows a steady eighth-note pattern.
- Pd: The fifth staff shows a steady eighth-note pattern.

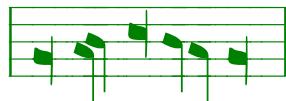
Zavivec* (Zav)

The musical score consists of five staves of music, each with a unique identifier:

- J002: The first staff shows a series of eighth-note pairs followed by sixteenth-note patterns.
- J673: The second staff shows a similar pattern of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note groups.
- X: The third staff is labeled with a green 'X' and features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and sixteenth notes.
- Bk, Bb: The fourth staff shows a steady eighth-note pattern.
- Pd: The fifth staff shows a steady eighth-note pattern.

Vozhlaska malá* (VM)

J002



J673,MT, X, Bk, Bb



Pd



Voznosec* (Voz)

J002



Prostopinie



Porovnanie popevkov ukazuje, že v podstatných črtách mukačevské prostopinie zachováva tradíciu ruténskych irmologionov. Najvýraznejšou zmenou je posun určitých melodických úsekov o terciu vyššie, čím dostáva nápev charakteristické „karpatské“ zafarbenie a ostrejší zvuk. V ústnom podaní sa melódia ďalej zjednodušila, pričom sa však zvýraznili práve špecifika prostopinia.

Prostopinie dobre zachovalo najčastejšie sa vyskytujúce popevky, zároveň sa však vyhýba niektorým zložitejším alebo zriedkavejším formuliam. Tu je tradícia prostopinia nejednotná alebo sa prikláňa, často na základe analógie s inými tropárm, k bežnejším popevkom. Tento postup by sa dal použiť na dodatočné jednoduché zhudobnenie tých tropárov, ktoré nepatria do sviatočnej časti *stepenny* 4. hlasu.

Upravený nápev podľa Pd (návrh):

Слово ю-но-стн мо-е- -я мно-жн ю-ю- ^и ма стоя-стн,

но са ^и ма я-стя- пн ^и спа- сн , спа- се мо.

Ие-на-вн-да-щ-и си- - ш- - на, по-ся-ми-тв- са ^и го-по-дл

ы-ко то-ва- бо ^и ги-е ^и я- де- тв ^и - - - - со- - - - шв.

Сла-ва от-цв ^и сын ^и свя-то-мв а-хв:

свя- ты ^и а-хв- - хв ^и вса-ка а-шв я-вн-са, ^и ч-сто-то- -ю в-вь-ша- е- са,

св- та- - е- са, то-и-ч-е- ск- ^и э- д-и- ск- ^и сва- щ- и- та- - - - н.

И мы-кв ^и по-ин-со ^и во в-кн в-кш, а- мн.

Сла-ты а-хв- - хв ^и то- - я- са я-ло-го-дл-ны- а стоя-н,

и-ла-ла- а- ю- ща вса-кв тв- ко о- - я-и- - я- - - и- - ю.